

World Leader International Leader Fang Ruida: Where is the world heading? The future evolution and ending of human society (Puck. S) 2021v.1.5v.1.5 世界领袖国际领袖方瑞达：世界走向何处？人类社会未来的演变和结局瞻望(普克。S) 2021v.1.5v.1.5

导言

资本主义推动了工业、技术和绿色革命，重塑了自然世界和人类社会，改变了国家在社会中的角色。在过去两个世纪中，它使无数人摆脱了贫困，显著提高了生活水平，并带来了从根本上改善人类福祉的创新，它为人类福祉贡献良多，但远非完美。我们所理解、知道的资本主义会长久保持现状吗？抑或有另一种未来，演变成新的状态？全球化大发展，工业资本社会成为现在世发展变革的主带因素，同时全球也兼容其他资本社会模式，混合资本主义，自有资本主义，国家资本主义或者社会资本主义，社会主义等等，五花八门，科技革命和现代资本社会以及现代智慧工业资本社会的推动发展，并使登月和在互联网上阅读本文成为可能。各种各样的资本主义会继续以当前的状态一直存在吗？其他主义的社会发展如何演变？它是否可能？世走向何处？人类社会的未来演变和结局又将如何？喜忧参半还是一塌糊涂，或者前途光明？世界领袖国际领袖方瑞达--伟大的自然科学家哲学家思想家社会学家人类学家经济学家国际政治学家未来学家宇宙学家，高瞻远瞩，令人叹服。

World Leader International Leader Fang Ruida: Where is the world heading? The future evolution and ending of human society (Puck. S) 2021v.1.5v.1.5



preface

Capitalism drove the industrial, technological and green revolutions, reshaped the natural world and human society, and changed the role of the state in society. Over the past two centuries, it has lifted countless people out of poverty, significantly raised living standards, and brought about innovations that radically improve human well-being, and it has contributed a lot to human well-being, but it is far from perfect. Will capitalism as we understand it and know it remain the status quo for long? Or is there another future that evolves into a new state? With the great development of globalization, the industrial capital society has become the main factor in the

development and change of the current world. At the same time, the world is also compatible with other capital society models, such as mixed capitalism, self-owned capitalism, state capitalism or social capitalism, socialism, etc. , the technological revolution and the promotion of the modern capital society and the modern smart industrial capital society, and made it possible to go to the moon and read this article on the Internet. Will capitalism of all kinds continue to exist in its current state? How did the social development of otherism evolve? Is it possible? Where is the world going? What will be the future evolution and outcome of human society? Mixed ups and downs or a mess, or a bright future? World leader and international leader Fang Ruida -- a great natural scientist, philosopher, thinker, sociologist, anthropologist, economist, international political scientist, futurist, cosmologist.

**World Leader International Leader Fang
Ruida Great Scientist Philosopher Thinker
Sociologist Moon Scientist Cosmologist On
21-22century World Change (Medith. Luo)
2019v3.3 English Edition E-book Mobile**

Reading Edition



**Commemorating the 70th birthday of world leader,
international leader, great scientist, philosopher,
thinker, sociologist, cosmologist and cosmologist**

Fang Ruida

May 14, 2019

•••••••—World

History Human history is very complex and long. From the Proterozoic era to today, sometimes it is calm, sometimes turbulent, and sometimes magnificent.

Various contradictions, conflicts and struggles have created the entire human history and world history. There is no eternal winner, and there is no eternal loser. One rises and the other rises, and one rises and one falls. It seems very reasonable, but it seems far-fetched, because the positive and negative electricity and neutral poles of natural society will always exist, and history will always go on and on. Repeatedly and continuously

advancing and continuously advancing, and repeatedly, it will overlap again and again, and it will be difficult to advance in a straight line. No straight road is smooth sailing, and the world can only crawl on winding paths. Otherwise, it is either naive and absurd, or ignorant and ignorant. The fantasy world is a natural rose garden, but it is full of weeds and vines, which requires gardeners to constantly modify and arrange to be colorful and flowery. History will be positive and negative. Don't be naive. Of course, the positive side of history will always be brilliant, and the haze and darkness cannot block the bright sun after all. World history is sometimes a drama, sometimes a tragedy, sometimes just a farce or a cutscene, over decades, hundreds of thousands of years, and tens of thousands of years.

Creating history and changing history is not a moment, but a thousand years. In a vast land and

country, victory or defeat is inevitable in military affairs. You cannot blindly favor one over the other. Everyone must constantly reflect, constantly update their ideas, be eclectic, and complement each other. Only if it is short can we move forward with the times and history. Of course, victory or defeat cannot be regarded as a hero based on the outbreak of a nuclear bomb war. The key is the survival concept and moral flavor of the 8 billion people and various different ways of life, especially how the advanced intelligent life animals survive in a very long, complex, and difficult natural society. How to constantly adapt and change the suffering of the living environment, otherwise, human society will inevitably go to the end of the road, until it can completely collapse, collapse and perish. The survival laws and lifestyles of millions and trillions of human beings (especially including the modern

intelligent industrial revolution, the modern philosophical revolution, the modern planetary revolution, the modern genetic revolution, etc.) Etc., the traditional inertial force of historical development is sometimes very powerful) is the judge who ultimately determines the direction of the development and evolution of human history and the world, and the road of distraction is irreplaceable and irreplaceable. The major elaborations and achievements of these important natural and social philosophies are

Fang Ruida's important guidance for us.

A Brief History of Humanity: From Animals to God was published in 2011.

• • • • The author describes the evolution and development history of human beings from the Stone Age to the 21st century, and divides human history into four stages: cognitive revolution, agricultural revolution, human integration and scientific revolution. The book is heavily influenced by Judd Diamond's *Guns, Germs and Steel*.

Before the middle of the ninth century, people thought that human history was only a few

thousand years old. In 1856, fossils of ancient humans, the famous Neanderthals (referred to as Neanderthals), were discovered in a cave near the Neanderthal Valley in Germany. At that time, people set the human history as 50,000 to 100,000 years in the era of the Neanderthals. As a result, at the end of the 19th century, the Dutch anatomist Dubois discovered the famous Javanese 800,000 years ago on the Indonesian island of Java. Because no artificial tools (stone tools) were found at the same time, and his brain capacity was much smaller than that of modern people, only There are 900 ml without being recognized as human. Dubois himself believed that what he had discovered was a great gibbon until his death in 1940. In the 1920s and 1930s, the discovery of Peking Man in China greatly expanded the history of human beings, from 50,000 to 100,000 years ago to 50 years ago. million years ago. In the 1940s, due to the confirmation of Peking Man and the discovery of a large number of new fossils of Java Man, it was recognized that the Java Man, which is similar to Peking Man, belongs to human beings. Human history extends to 800,000 years ago. In 1959, in Tanzania, East Africa The Olduvai Gorge (translated as Olduvai Gorge in the past) found stone tools dating back 1.75 million years ago, extending the record of human history again. In the 1960s, stone tools dating back 2.5 million years were discovered in the Omoha Valley and Afa Lowlands of Ethiopia, East Africa. This is the earliest stone tool ever discovered by human beings, and the basis for the claim that human beings have a record of more than 2 million years of history is here. (Wikipedia)

Major changes, major changes, mostly refer to the essential changes and major structural changes of social systems or world situations or patterns.

"Big change" is used to refer specifically to a wider change in society. For example, the great transformation of social production here refers to the great development of a country (society), that is, a country (society) in a relatively concentrated historical period, all aspects and fields of society, especially social productive forces, production relations, superstructure Some major aspects closely related to the economic foundation (such as science and technology, politics, economic and cultural spheres of influence, national influence, etc.) have seen great development and breakthroughs, and at the same time have produced extensive and profound social impacts worldwide. Development, rather than the great development of a cause or individual social field. Historically, such a comprehensive development of the historical process is often the most important period in the main process of rapid changes in the social production mode. Apes have transformed the Stone Age to the New Bronze Age, primitive society to slave society, industrial revolution, information revolution, lunar revolution, etc.

In 1999, Time magazine issued a special issue titled 100 People of the 20th Century, which selected the 100 most influential people of the 20th century (between 1900 and 1999), and this was the first time that the list was published. .

Beginning in 2004, "Time" decided to turn it into an annual selection, selecting the 100 most influential people in the world that year. Many people mistake it for an honor, but Time sheds some light on it, and the list only selects influencers, whether that influence is good or bad. The selected 100 people are divided into the following five categories, of which 20 people are selected from each category:

Leaders & Revolutionaries

Builders & Titans

Artists & Entertainers

Scientists & Thinkers

Heroes & Icons

Golden Age - The Golden Age is the only age under the rule of Cronus. It is described as human beings living among the gods and interacting with the gods at will. The whole era was filled with peace and harmony. Humans don't need to work hard to feed themselves, because the earth will grow its own food; humans can spend long years in youthful appearance, until the time comes when they will accept death peacefully and religiously, and their souls will become elves , surrounding the earth. Plato reiterated the golden age of mankind in the Cratyrus. He clarified that Hesiod's use of the word gold did not mean that human beings were made of gold, but to the beauty and nobility of human beings at that time. He described these humans as Daemons of Earth, since the Greek δαῖμονες (daimones, elves) was derived from δαῆμονες (daēmones, wisdom or knowledge). God is merciful to these human beings, keeping them free from disease and protecting them.

Silver Age - The Silver Age began with the reign of Zeus. Humans spend hundreds of years of infancy in this age, while their adulthood appears relatively short; when they become adults, they spend their time conflicting with each other. In this age, mankind refused to obey the will of God, and Zeus was so incensed that he decided to punish mankind. Therefore, this generation of human beings will become "blessed souls" of the underworld after death.

Bronze Age - Humans in the Bronze Age began to live a hard life. They love war, and they not only make armor and weapons of bronze, but also arm their houses with bronze. Zeus gave them strong and tall bodies, but also gave them cruel hearts. After this generation of human beings die, their souls will lose everything and fall into the "Dark Underworld of Hades".

The Age of Heroes - The Age of Heroes is a transitional era, and the only one that is better than its predecessor. In this age people live with noble demigods and heroes. These heroes were eventually drawn into brutal wars (including the wars at Thebes and the Trojan War). After they die, they will go to the "Elysium", where they can enjoy a happy and stable life, without worries, and without worry about food and clothing. Black Iron Age - Hesiod lived in an era he named the Black Iron Age. In this era, human beings

live miserably and miserably. Humans try to rule everything, children no longer trust their parents, friends no longer trust each other, hosts no longer treat guests with enthusiasm, people in marriage no longer love each other, and vows are regarded as dust by them. Kindness and justice are no longer regarded as the norm for their behavior. Power represents rightness, and lies replace sincerity. Human beings no longer have the heart of shame. In the end, God lost hope for human beings, and the gods abandoned human beings forever: "Humanity will no longer have the help and shelter to defeat evil." (Wikipedia)

The ancient Roman poet Ovid also divided the human century into four similar eras in his book The Metamorphoses, except that the heroic era was removed.

Ovid defined the Golden Age by emphasizing justice and peace, and he added that in this age, humans did not know the skills of navigation and did not explore the world.

During the Silver Age, Jupiter brought four seasons to mankind, and mankind began to learn agriculture and architecture.

For the Bronze Age, Ovid describes humans engaged in war but still maintaining their faith in the gods.

In the last black iron age, human beings divided the land into countries, they learned the techniques of navigation and mining, they were fanatical about war, lost their faith, and became

extremely greedy. Truth, humility and loyalty are no longer to be found.

The development of world history is not the result of each civilization developing its own civilization independently. In many cases, civilizations interact with each other. The earliest civilization spread was the spread of West Asian and Egyptian culture to Crete, forming the Aegean civilization. The Aegean civilization spread to the Greek peninsula, giving birth to the ancient Greek culture.

In terms of exchanges and influence between civilizations, the most famous is Alexander the Great's Eastern Expedition, which integrated ancient Greek culture with Western Asian and Persian cultures, and then influenced India. Furthermore, China's Zhang Qian connected with the Western Regions, which also allowed many cultural relics from the Western Regions to flow into China and eventually become part of Chinese culture, such as pipa and wine. The spread of papermaking in the Tang Dynasty in China contributed to the dissemination and popularization of Western knowledge.

Major wars in history also often indirectly lead to collisions between civilizations, which in turn have mutual influences. The Mongol Western Expedition and the Crusades, the former brought gunpowder into Europe, but gunpowder brought more terrible destruction; although the latter contributed to the development of shipping and commerce in Europe, it made the Muslim world (Islamic world) and Christianity. The hatred in the world deepens and the conflict continues.

The Paleolithic is the first period of the Stone Age.

According to the evidence provided by genetics and fossil science, the birthplace of modern human "Homo sapiens" should be in Africa. It appeared about 200,000 years ago, which was the Paleolithic period, and humans have evolved for a long time. Human ancestors, such as Homoerectus, used simple tools for thousands of years, but over time, tools have become more refined and complex. Humans also created language and burial rituals.

Humans of this period could also decorate their appearance. All humans at this time were hunters and gatherers, and generally lived a nomadic life.

Modern humans soon spread across the world from the non-icy regions of Africa and Asia and Europe. During the most recent ice age, humans migrated to North America and Oceania in greater numbers, and the current temperate zone was extremely unsuitable for life at that time. Even so, by the end of the ice age, about 12,000 years ago or more, humans had migrated to all non-icy lands on Earth.

Hunter-gatherer societies were gradually subdivided, a sense of class began to emerge, and long-distance contact became possible, such as the primitive "highways" used by Aboriginal Australians.

Most hunter-gatherer societies eventually developed into agricultural societies, or integrated into other larger agricultural societies. However, groups that did not develop into agricultural societies may eventually be wiped out, or remain isolated, the small hunter-gatherer societies that are still seen in remote areas today. The rational period in Europe led directly to the Scientific Revolution, the Renaissance, etc., which changed people's perception of the world and laid the foundation for the Industrial Revolution. The Industrial Revolution originated in the United Kingdom, and in the process produced new production organizations and models such as factories, mass production, and mechanization. New production models allow Europe to produce more with less labor. The intellectual currents of the Age of Reason sparked the American and French Revolutions of the late eighteenth century and gave birth to democracy as we know it today. The

development of democracy has had a profound impact on world affairs and the quality of life. During the Industrial Revolution, the world economy was built on coal as an energy source, and with it, new modes of transportation such as railroads and steamships appeared, which made the world a smaller place. At the same time, the damage to the natural environment caused by industrial pollution is increasing at a rate dozens of times that of primitive society. The modern era has seen many disruptive changes in many fields, transforming the entire "old world" into the modern world. This new world culminates in the nuclear age, the intellectual revolution, the lunar revolution, the cosmic revolution, the philosophical revolution, the GENE revolution, the technological revolution, the social revolution, and the information age, and then all the way to the present, which is the turn of the millennium. The modern world is basically shaped by three major revolutions:

The American Revolution of 1776

The French Revolution of 1789

The Industrial Revolution that took place in England during the 18th and 19th centuries

And these three revolutions sowed the seeds for the following revolution:

The Russian Revolution of 1917

These revolutions also influenced the occurrence of some major wars in the 18th, 19th and 20th centuries, such as:

American Revolutionary War

Napoleonic Wars in Europe

The First World War (1914-1918)

(Interwar period) World War II (1939-1945)

Cold War (1945-1991)

The new world change in 2000, the competition and contention between the East and the West camps, including the United States, China, Russia, Europe, India and Pakistan and other countries, politics, economy, culture, military, sphere of influence, dominance, religious belief, ideology, political system and economic system. Property distribution, capital, territorial map, etc. Although the American Revolution and the French Revolution did not completely end autocratic power, they made democracy, liberty, equality, fraternity, rationality, fraternity, universal benefit, and prosperity the universal values

of today's world, and became new government norms

and social norms. Norms make this world a world of rational liberal democracy and prosperity.

People like Napoleon brought new legal systems to Europe. These legal systems were based on ability and achievement rather than the social class system as in feudal times. The modern liberal political system has empowered civilians who had no citizenship. The increased emphasis on an individual's nationality, culture, and language has created a powerful nationalism. These changes eventually gave rise to some new ideologies such as liberalism, fascism, socialism and patriarchalism, syncretism, etc. There have always been sharp differences and confrontations in human history, wildness and rationality, wealth and equality, and all kinds of social conflicts, social conflicts, social revolutions or wars, etc.

, Of course, it also includes land and territory, religious culture, sphere of influence, religious beliefs, political system, economic system, property system, party system, religion, international dominance and so on.

1. Thomas Edison

2. Columbus
3. Martin Luther
4. Galileo
5. Da Vinci
6. Isaac Newton
7. Magellan
8. Louis Pasteur
9. Charles Darwin
10. Thomas Jefferson
11. Shakespeare
12. Napoleon
13. Hitler
14. Zheng He
15. Henry Ford
16. Freud
17. Richard Arkwright
18. Karl Marx
19. Copernicus
20. The Wright Brothers
21. Einstein
22. Mohandas Gandhi
23. Kublai Khan
24. James Madison
25. Simon Bolivar
26. Mary Wollstonecraft
27. Marconi
28. Mao Zedong
29. Lenin
30. Martin Luther King Jr.
31. Alexander Graham Bell
32. Descartes
33. Beethoven
34. Thomas Aquinas
35. Abraham Lincoln
36. Michelangelo
37. Da Gama
38. Suleiman the Magnificent
39. Samuel Morse
40. John Calvin
41. Nightingale
42. Hernan Cortez
43. Joseph Lister
44. Ibn Battuta
45. Zhu Xi
- 46.

Mendel

47. John Locke
48. Akbar
49. Marco Polo
50. Dante
51. John D. Rockefeller
52. Rousseau
53. Niels Bohr
54. Joan of Arc
55. Frederick Douglass
56. Louis XIV
57. Nikola Tesla
58. Kant
59. Fan Kuan
60. Otto von Bismarck
61. William the Conqueror
62. Guido
63. John Harrison
64. Innocent III
65. Maxim
66. Jane Adams
67. Cao Xueqin
68. Matteo Ricci
69. Louis Armstrong
70. Faraday
71. Avicenna
72. Simon de Beauvoir
73. Rumi
74. Adam Smith
75. Marie Curie
76. Andrea Palladio
77. Peter the Great
78. Picasso
79. Louis Jacques Mandé Daguerre
80. Lavoisier
81. Finnis Taylor Barnan
82. Edwin Hubble
83. Susan Anthony
84. Raphael
85. Helen Keller
86. Katsushika Hokusai
87. Theodore Herzl
88. Elizabeth I (England)
89. Claudio Monteverdi
90. Walt Disney
91. Nelson Mandela
92. Roger Bannister
93. Leo Tolstoy

94. Von Neumann
95. Santiago Ramon y Cajal
96. Jacques Cousteau
97. Catherine de Medici
98. Ibn Khaldun
99. Nkrumah
100. Linnaeus
(Encyclopedia)

The newly established United States guaranteed the right to vote for white male citizens, and used the Constitution to check and balance government power, creating a political system of separation of powers, namely the legislative, judicial, and executive system led by a democratically elected president to achieve Government balance of power and mutual supervision.

The discovery, research and application of technology has changed the way things are made and sold. For example, modern mechanization in England accelerated the production of goods like cloth and iron. The invention of the engine enabled automobiles, trains, boats and planes to operate, and livestock such as horses and cattle were no longer necessary for carrying heavy loads. Materials could thus be transported in large quantities long distances to another location, and quickly manufactured and sold around the world, making Britain the richest country.

Scientific inventions and discoveries continue to drive social progress. Telephones, radios, X-rays, microscopes, electricity, and more have brought rapid changes to life. The discovery of antibiotics

like penicillin has led to new ways of fighting disease. The theories of evolution and psychoanalysis have also changed the old concept of human self-understanding.

The invention of new weapons such as rifles, cannons, pistols, machine guns, tanks, airplanes, jets, and missiles also changed the pattern of warfare. Atomic bombs, hydrogen bombs, chemical weapons, biological weapons and other weapons of mass destruction make it possible to destroy the earth in a few minutes. These are all signs of the modern world. New inventions create computers, tubes, chips, spaceships, medicines, and more, and influence and change the world.

The world is in a period of great development, great change and great adjustment, and peace and development are still the themes of the times. World multi-polarization, economic globalization, social informatization, and cultural diversification are developing in depth, the reform of the global governance system and the international order is accelerating, countries are increasingly interconnected and interdependent, the international balance of power is becoming more balanced, and the general trend of peaceful development is irreversible. At the same time, the world is faced with prominent instability and uncertainty, competition among major powers, civilizations, political and economic competition, lack of momentum for world economic growth, growing gap between the rich and the poor, regional hotspot issues one after another, terrorism, cybersecurity, major contagion As non-traditional security threats such as sexually transmitted diseases and climate change continue to spread, mankind faces many common challenges.

Fangruida-scientist, philosopher, thinker, religious scientist, sociologist, medical scientist, virologist, physicist, cosmologist, economist, writer, composer

World leaders, international leaders, great scientists, philosophers, thinkers, religious scientists,

sociologists, medical scientists, virologists, pharmacists, and cosmologists Fangruida Fangruida (born in Shanghai on May 14, 1949, studied at a university at home and abroad for further studies. At a young age, he showed extraordinary genius and superior intelligence, super strong thinking ability, mathematical logic, formal logic, compound logic, multidimensional logic, Beyond the structure and function of ordinary people's thinking. When I was young, I studied in various schools and started to invent and create at the age of 6, 7 years old, small airplanes, cars, small rockets, small ships and small motorboats, small pistols, small butterflies, small dragonflies Wait, 5 years old to write poetry, 6 years old to paint and compose music, 10 years old He began to study university courses in mathematics, physics and chemistry. The world called him a child prodigy. He has systematically completed his doctoral program in his 20s, covering subjects and majors such as mathematics, physics, chemistry, biology, agriculture, medicine and engineering. Studying and working in Europe, the United States, Russia, Britain, France, Germany, Japan, Italy, Canada, Australia, India, and Barry, etc., have become more powerful and have Work hard to learn and have achieved fruitful results.

The development of human history is very long, complex and changeable. The traditional and innovative games have always existed, and the inertial inertia is very stubborn and powerful, which should not be underestimated. History always develops in waves, and it will not be smooth sailing. It is very long and difficult for human beings to go from wildness to freedom and rationality.

From cosmology to geology, biology to human history, Big History and the Future of Humanity (Revised Edition) connects core concepts and paradigms across many disciplines, tracing everything from human behavior, value systems, the workings of the universe, and more The rise and demise of the main forms of complexity, the energy flow model is proposed, the framework of the big history is constructed, the principle of the operation of the big history is explained, and new insights are provided for the future of mankind. In addition, the book contains a variety of "small histories" and explanations of scientific concepts, allowing us to recognize how big concepts are connected to everyday life, illustrating a kind of big history that everyone can read.

Great History and the Future of Humanity by Fred Spier

•••••World History The development and future of human history, war and peace, nuclear war and the third world war, contention and struggle, the struggle of civilizations, the struggle between doctrine and management mode, the great changes and changes in the world, how the future will evolve and develop, new The smart industrial revolution, the lunar revolution, and the planetary revolution are very important in the 21st-22nd-23rd century. Peace Race Whether it is a war or a nuclear bomb game, these major issues that affect the lives and deaths of 8 billion people in the world are placed in front of mankind, and they need to be seriously considered and treated by all mankind. Where to go, we need answers from all human beings, including leaders of various countries.

As a great natural scientist, philosopher, thinker, religionist, sociologist, anthropologist, lunar scientist, cosmologist, Fang Ruida has a long-term vision and stands at the top of the world. Civilization and advanced culture criticize and abandon all kinds of intolerance and extremes, and guide and lead all mankind to move forward toward great freedom and reason. Fang Ruida advocates the great freedom and rationality of human beings, and repeatedly expresses that any character is just a trivial particle of dust in front of the great natural universe Zeus, His great ideas and great ideas are like the shining sun forever illuminating the earth of mankind.

Today, we deeply commemorate the world leader, the international leader, the great natural scientist, the philosopher, the thinker, the religious scientist, the sociologist, the lunar scientist and the cosmologist Fang Ruida, and it is very cordial to review his kind words and earnest teachings. his great ideas

The great brilliance will always shine on the world, and will always inspire and inspire us to move forward bravely for the well-being of all mankind, peace, freedom, rationality, equality, fraternity, wealth, and inclusiveness. Human beings can create glorious history or blaspheme and destroy history, and conforming to history is the best choice for all mankind. Let us look around the world, look at the planet, look at the vast universe, and welcome the new era of great human beings with surging emotions.

As a great philosopher of natural science, Fang Ruida's theories and theories are invincible and invincible, far surpassing others and the so-called traditional fashionable classics, based on the rigorous and realistic cornerstone of natural science, and stepping carefully The minefield has opened up a new path of argumentation, which is difficult for others to match and compare. It is a great innovation unprecedented in human history and a precedent in world history. His vision looks at the entire world and human society for tens of thousands of years, rather than a brief moment in ten years or a hundred years; his great vision is not limited to the narrow domain of the earth, but the vast and boundless planetary universe. His vision is extremely broad-minded, because he is first and foremost the greatest physicist, astronomer, lunar scientist, cosmologist, and his field of vision is at least tens of trillions of light-years. to his height and breadth. Fang Ruidism believes that the entire history of human beings, like the history of the natural universe, has no static or pause, and will continue to develop and change. The history of human society and the world is nothing more than the history of human beings gradually moving from primitive wild animals to freedom and rationality. No matter how the universe develops and changes, human society and world history will appear without exception. Such a natural and inevitable historical evolution, this The historical process is very complex, long, difficult, and sometimes even unimaginable. Such as sociology, anthropology, religion, political science, economics, culture, military science, etc., are all in it.

May 14, 2019

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Scientist Philosophe

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Fangruida (Smith) Coles, the world leader of the philosophical mentor of the cosmic giant who
has influenced and changed the world for 10 million years. Plank 2012Fangruida blog//(Give me a
fulcrum, and I shall move the ...

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